

Cosistency and Inconsistency Degree based on Generalized Rough Sets

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Abstract : Rough set theory was introduced by Professor Z. Pawlak in the year 1982 by taking an approximation space $\langle U, R \rangle$ where U is a non empty set and R is an equivalence relation on U . So, the set U is partitioned. Given any subset A of U , the lower and upper approximations \underline{A}_R and \overline{A}^R are then defined by $\underline{A}_R = \{x \mid [x]_R \subseteq A\}$ and $\overline{A}^R = \{x \mid [x]_R \cap A \neq \phi\}$ where $[x]_R$ is the equivalence class of x with respect to R .

Replecing partition of U by covering which is a collection $\mathcal{C} = \{C_i\}$ of subsets of U such that $\cup C_i = U$, $C_i \neq \phi$, the lower and upper approximations of a subset A of U with respect to a covering are not defined in a unique way but all of them reduce to Pawlakian definition when the covering is taken as a partition.

Again instead of taking an equivalence relation on the universe U an arbitrary binary relation R is taken and gradually conditions like reflexivity, symmetry and transitivity are imposed on it. The construction is accomplished in two stages. Firstly for each element $x \in U$, the set $R_x = \{y \mid xRy\}$ is defined. Then for each subset A of U sets \underline{A}_R and \overline{A}^R are defined by $\underline{A}_R = \{x \in U \mid R_x \subseteq A\}$, and $\overline{A}^R = \{x \in U \mid R_x \cap A \neq \phi\}$.

Partition of the Universe into classes of objects indiscernible in view of the available information about them is recognised as Knowledge. Clearly, knowledge of two agents may differ. A consistency-measure between two knowledges is obtained in case of partition as well as covering and relation. Also inconsistency-measure between two knowledges is obtained with the help of consistency measure. Some concuding remarks will be discussed.