## **PROBLEM SET 1 ANSWERS – THERMODYNAMICS**

1. Calculate the approximate rise in solution temperature if 1L of 1N Sulfuric Acid is mixed with 1L of 1N Sodium Hydroxide?

ANS:  $6.67^{\circ}$ C, Final Temp =  $31.67^{\circ}$ C

- 2. Determine the net heat of combustion of ethane gas from standard enthalpies of formation? ANS: -1427.75 KJ/mol of ethane
- 3. How many KJ of heat are required to evaporate 1L of water at 1atm, if the initial temperature of the water is 20°C?

ANS: 2592.72 KJ

- 4. Define the terms:
  - a. Heat
  - b. Work
  - c. Enthalpy
  - d. Entropy
  - e. Gibb's free energy
- 5. a) Using standard free energies of formation, calculate K<sub>so</sub> for CaCO<sub>3</sub> (s) at 25<sup>0</sup> C.
  - b) If water is in equilibrium with  $CaCO_3$  (s) at  $25^0$  C, what is the  $Ca^{2+}$  concentrations in mg/L if the  $CO_3^{2-}$  concentration is 5 mg/L?
  - c) Calculate  $K_{\text{sp}}$  for a temperature of  $16^{\circ}$ C, which is typical for ground waters
  - d) A sample of ground water with  $16^{\circ}$ C has 100 mg/L of  $Ca^{2+}$  and 10 mg/L of  $CO_3^{2-}$ . Is this water in equilibrium with  $CaCO_3$  (s)? if not, is  $CaCO_3$ (s) is dissolving or precipitating?
- 6. Given the equation:

3 O2(g)
$$2 O3(g)$$
  $\Delta H = +285.4 \text{ kJ},$ 

calculate  $\Delta H$  for the reaction.

3/2 O2(g) O3(g).

ANS: +142.7 KJ

7. What is the enthalpy change when 12.8g H2 (g) reacts with excess Cl2 (g) to form HCl (g)? H2(g) + Cl2(g) 2HCl(g)  $\Delta H = -184.6kJ$ 

ANS: -1.17 \* 103 KJ