

**Practice Problems , No. 1**

1. Use the sandwich Theorem to find the limit of the following sequence  $(x_n)$ .

(i)  $x_n = \left(\sqrt{2} - 2^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) \left(\sqrt{2} - 2^{\frac{1}{5}}\right) \dots \dots \dots \left(\sqrt{2} - 2^{\frac{1}{2n+1}}\right)$

(ii)  $x_n = \frac{1}{1+n^2} + \frac{2}{2+n^2} + \dots \dots \dots + \frac{n}{n+n^2}$

(iii)  $x_n = (a^n + b^n)^{\frac{1}{n}}$  where  $0 < a < b$ .

2. Use problem 3 of the previous assignment to find the limit of the sequence  $(x_n)$ , where  $(x_n)$  is

(i)  $\frac{n^2}{2^n}$       (ii)  $\frac{n!}{2^{n^2}}$       (iii)  $\frac{2^{3n}}{3^{2n}}$       (iv)  $\frac{b^n}{2^n}$  ,       $b > 1$

3. Determine the convergence and divergence of the sequence  $(x_n)$ , where  $(x_n)$  is

(i)  $x_n = \frac{n!}{(2n+1)!!}$       (ii)  $\frac{(2n)!!}{(2n+1)!!}$

4. Show that the following sequence  $(x_n)$  is bounded and monotone. Find the limit.

(i)  $x_1 = 8$  and  $x_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2}x_n + 2$       (ii)  $x_1 = 1$  and  $x_{n+1} = 2 - \frac{1}{x_n}$ .

5. Use Problem 6 of the previous assignment to show that the following sequence  $(x_n)$  satisfies Cauchy criterion and find the limit.

(i)  $x_1 = 1$  and  $x_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2+x_n}$       (ii)  $x_1 = 2$  and  $x_{n+1} = 2 + \frac{1}{x_n}$ .