

MTH203: Assignment-2

1.T Find general solution of the following differential equations:

$$(i) (x + 2y + 1) - (2x + y - 1)y' = 0 \quad (ii) y' = (8x - 2y + 1)^2 / (4x - y - 1)^2$$

2.D Show that the following equations are exact and hence find their general solution:

$$(i) (\cos x \cos y - \cot x) = (\sin x \sin y)y' \quad (ii) y' = 2x(ye^{-x^2} - y - 3x) / (x^2 + 3y^2 + e^{-x^2})$$

3.D Show that if the differential equation $M dx + N dy$ is of the form

$$x^a y^b (m y dx + n x dy) + x^c y^d (p y dx + q x dy) = 0,$$

where a, b, c, d, m, n, p, q ($m q \neq n p$) are constants, then $x^h y^k$ is an integrating factor. Hence find a general solution of $(x^{1/2} y - x y^2) + (x^{3/2} + x^2 y)y' = 0$.

4.T Show that the equation $(3y^2 - x) + 2y(y^2 - 3x)y' = 0$ admits an integrating factor which is a function of $(x + y^2)$. Hence solve the differential equation.

5.D Show that $2 \sin(y^2) + xy \cos(y^2)y' = 0$ admits an integrating factor which is a function of x only. Hence solve the differential equation.

6.T Reduce the following differential equations into linear form and solve:

$$(i) y^2 y' + y^3 / x = \sin x \quad (ii) y' \sin y + x \cos y = x \quad (iii) y' = y(xy^3 - 1)$$

7.D Find the orthogonal trajectories of the following families of curves:

$$(i) e^x \sin y = c \quad (ii) y^2 = cx^3$$

8.T Find the family of oblique trajectories which intersect the family of straight lines $y = cx$ at an angle of 45° .

9.D Show that the following families of curves are self-orthogonal:

$$(i) y^2 = 4c(x + c) \quad (ii) x^2/c^2 + y^2/(c^2 - 1) = 1$$

Supplementary problems from “Advanced Engg. Maths.” by E. Kreyszig (8th Edn.)

(i) Page 32, Q.10,12,17,26,29,35

(ii) Page 39, Q.13,18,20,26–29,33,34

(iii) Page 51, Q.7,9,10,15,17