

LAB III

2. /* This prog. finds the diff. btwn max and min of four numbers*/

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    double a,b,c,d;
    double max,min;

    printf("Enter four numbers: ");
    scanf("%lf%lf%lf%lf",&a,&b,&c,&d);

    max=a>b?a:b;
    min=a<b?a:b;
    if(c>d)
    {
        if(max < c)
            max=c;
        if(min > d)
            min=d;
    }
    else
    {
        if(max < d)
            max=d;

        if(min > c)
            min=c;
    }

    printf("Difference is %0.4lf\n",max-min);

    return 0;
}
```

3. /*This prog. find value of $\sin(1/x)$ */

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main()
{
    double x,val;
    printf("Enter value of x: ");
    scanf("%lf",&x);

    if(x!=0.0)
    {
        val = sin(1/x);
        printf("Value of sin(1/x) is %0.4lf\n",val);
    }
    else
    {
```

```

    printf("Value of x must be nonzero: try again\n");
}

    return 0;
}

```

4. /* This prog. finds the sum of digits of a +ve number less than 1000 */

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int a,s=0,q;

    printf("Enter a +ve no less than 1000: ");
    scanf("%d",&a);

    q=a;

    if(q< 1 || q > 999)
    {
        printf("Entered number is out of range\n");
    }
    else
    {
        s +=q%10;
        q /=10;
        s +=q%10;
        q /=10;
        s +=q%10;
        printf("Sum of the digits of %d is %d\n",a,s);
    }

    return 0;
}

```

5. /* This prog. finds binary equiv. of a +ve decimal no. less than 32*/

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int a,q,x0,x1,x2,x3,x4;

    printf("Enter a +ve no less than 32: ");
    scanf("%d",&a);

    q=a;

    if(a< 1 || a > 31)
    {
        printf("Entered number is out of range\n");
        return 0;
    }
}

```

```

}

x0 = q%2;
q /= 2;
x1=q%2;
q /=2;
x2=q%2;
q /=2;
x3=q%2;
q /=2;
x4=q%2;

printf("Binary equivalent of decimal number %d is ",a);

if(x4 !=0)
{
printf("%d%d%d%d\n",x4,x3,x2,x1,x0);
}
else if(x3 !=0)
{
printf("%d%d%d\n",x3,x2,x1,x0);
}
else if(x2 !=0)
{
printf("%d%d\n",x2,x1,x0);
}
else if(x1 !=0)
{
printf("%d\n",x1,x0);
}
else
{
printf("%d\n",x0);
}
return 0;
}

```

6. /* This prog. finds binary equiv. of a +ve decimal frac.*/
#include <stdio.h>

```

int main()
{
double a,q;
int x1,x2,x3,x4;

printf("Enter a +ve decimal fraction less than 1: ");
scanf("%lf",&a);
q=a;
if(a<=0.0 || a >= 1.0)
{
printf("Entered number is not a +ve decimal fraction less than 1\n");
return 0;
}
}

```

```
}
```

```
q *= 2;  
x1 = (int) q;  
q = q-x1;
```

```
q *= 2;  
x2 = (int) q;  
q = q-x2;
```

```
q *= 2;  
x3 = (int) q;  
q = q-x3;
```

```
q *= 2;  
x4 = (int) q;  
q = q-x4;
```

```
if(q !=0)  
{  
    printf("Binary equivalent of %lf is 0.>%d>%d>%d>%d...\n",a,x1,x2,x3,x4);  
}  
else if(x4 !=0)  
{  
    printf("Binary equivalent of %lf is 0.>%d>%d>%d\n",a,x1,x2,x3,x4);  
}  
else if(x3 !=0)  
{  
    printf("Binary equivalent of %lf is 0.>%d>%d\n",a,x1,x2,x3);  
}  
else if(x2 !=0)  
{  
    printf("Binary equivalent of %lf is 0.>%d\n",a,x1,x2);  
}  
else  
{  
    printf("Binary equivalent of %lf is 0.>%d\n",a,x1);  
}
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

7. /* This prog. finds distance between two points*/

```
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <math.h>  
int main()  
{  
    double Ax,Ay,Bx,By,Px,Py,d;
```

```

printf("Enter coordinates of points A: ");
scanf("%lf%lf",&Ax,&Ay);
printf("Enter coordinates of points B: ");
scanf("%lf%lf",&Bx,&By);

d=sqrt((Ax-Bx)*(Ax-Bx)+(Ay-By)*(Ay-By));

Px=0.5*(Ax+Bx);
Py=0.5*(Ay+By);

printf("Distance between A and B is %0.2lf\n",d);
printf("The coordinates of midpoint of A and B are (%0.2lf,%0.2lf)\n",Px,Py);

return 0;
}

```

8. /* This prog. finds roots of $ax^2+bx+c=0$ */

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main()
{
double a,b,c,d,r1,r2;
printf("Enter a,b,c: ");
scanf("%lf%lf%lf",&a,&b,&c);

if(a==0.0 && b==0.0)
{
printf("No solution: a & b both zero\n");
return 0;
}

if(a==0)
{
printf("Linear equation: root=%0.3lf\n",-c/b);
return 0;
}

d=b*b-4*a*c;
if(d>=0.0)
{
r1 = (-b+sqrt(d))/(2*a);
r2 = (-b-sqrt(d))/(2*a);
printf("The roots are real: %0.3lf and %0.3lf\n",r1,r2);
}
else
{
r1 = -b/(2*a);
r2 = sqrt(-d)/(2*a);
printf("The roots are complex: %0.3lf+%0.3lf i and %0.3lf-%0.3lf i\n",r1,r2,r1,r2);
}

return 0;
}

```