

Quiz 3

Paper B

30 minutes; 10 points

- Fill your name, roll no., and section no. above.
- Circle the correct answer among the choices given.
- 2 marks for a correct answer. *Negative marking*: One point will be deducted per wrong answer.

1. At steady state, the temperature profile in a two-layer solid composite system is shown in figure 1. Both layers have same thickness. Which of the following statements is true about the thermal conductivities  $k_A$  and  $k_B$  of the two layers :
- (a)  $k_A > k_B$       (b)  $k_A < k_B$       (c)  $k_A = k_B$       (d) Cannot infer relation between  $k_A$  and  $k_B$  with given information.

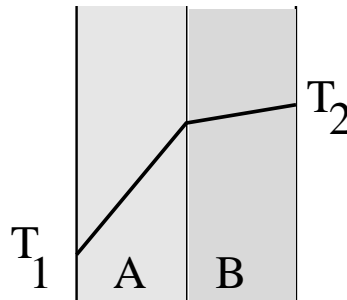


Figure 1: Problem 1

2. A long cylindrical wire of radius  $R_1$  is wrapped around by a another layer as shown in figure 2. There is steady conduction of heat in the radial direction of the annular region  $R_1 < r < R_2$ . The temperature at  $r = R_1 = 1$  cm is maintained at  $T_1 = 400$  K, and the temperature at  $r = R_2 = 8$  cm is at  $T_2 = 300$  K. If  $R_2$  is decreased to 2 cm, with  $T_2 = 300$  K at 2 cm, the heat transferred per unit time  $Q$  (“heat current”) in the new ( $R_2 = 2$  cm) and old ( $R_2 = 8$ cm) configurations are related as:
- (a)  $\frac{Q_{new}}{Q_{old}} = 4$       (b)  $\frac{Q_{new}}{Q_{old}} = 1/4$       (c)  $\frac{Q_{new}}{Q_{old}} = 3$       (d)  $\frac{Q_{new}}{Q_{old}} = 1/3$       (e)  $Q_{new} = Q_{old}$
3. Which of the following statements is a correct description of the Biot number:
- (a) (conductive resistance in the solid) / (convective resistance in the fluid)
- (b) (convective resistance in the fluid) / (conductive resistance in the fluid)
- (c) (convective heat flux in the fluid) / (conduction heat flux in the fluid)
- (d) (convective resistance in the fluid) / (conductive resistance in the solid)

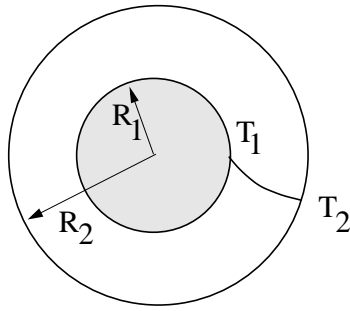


Figure 2: **Problem 2**

4. Within a boundary layer (for laminar flow past a flat plate), as the Reynolds number decreases, the velocity gradient at the surface of the plate
  - (a) decreases
  - (b) increases
  - (c) remains the same
  - (d) is zero
  
5. Consider uniform laminar flow past a flat plate with velocity  $U$ . Let the drag force on the plate of length  $L$  is  $F_{old}$ . If the length of the plate is changed to  $L/4$ , the drag force  $F_{new}$  for this case is related to  $F_{old}$  as
  - (a)  $F_{new} = 4F_{old}$
  - (b)  $F_{new} = F_{old}/2$
  - (c)  $F_{new} = 2F_{old}$
  - (d)  $F_{new} = F_{old}/4$
  - (e)  $F_{new} = F_{old}$