

Brihaspati2 – An Opensource E-learning platform

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Important urls

- <http://sourceforge.net/projects/brihaspati>
- <http://brihaspati.iitk.ernet.in/>
- <http://202.141.40.215/WebApp/wiki>
- <http://brihaspati.sourceforge.net/>

Education - Current situation

- Education system – reality
 - Objective - Go through a programme, Get certificate
 - Use certificate to get a job
 - Certificate - very important
 - Learners do learn something through exposure to programme
 - Certification – through examination.
 - Failure in examination – social stigma
 - Getting certificate and marks – **the objective**

- Education system – what it should be?
 - Objective – go through a structured program
 - Learn to acquire skills to improve every aspect of life.
 - Certificate for acquiring certain proficiency.
 - One never fails, one usually have not learnt to be proficient enough.
 - Learning to improve one's life – **the objective**

- Argument against second paradigm
 - Less jobs, cut-throat competition, survival.
 - Marks and certificates – important
- Counter argument
 - With second paradigm – people really learn and can generate more employment.
 - Shortage of jobs can be taken care of.
 - A more meaningful life

What should be done?

- To build second paradigm, coexisting with first one to begin with.
- Focus is on learning than certification.
- Learning at your own pace.
- A learning environment where
 - Respect is commanded and not demanded.
 - Learning among equals.

Does such a system exist?

- Yes. Researchers use this paradigm.
- You learn by a methodical approach.
- It is built on what you learn from others through research papers.
- You share your insights with other through publications.

- Internet technology has been built in this paradigm, where everybody is equal.
- Linux is another example.
- www.lanl.gov (physics archives)
- Web has been used as platform for such learning movements.
- For other knowledge domains – platforms are needed.
- **Brihaspati2** is one of the options.

How to use it?

- Use it with existing conventional system.
- Provide second paradigm.
- Try to continuously think and adapt to make education a tool to improve one's life, not a mechanism to get only a certificate to get a job.

Brihaspati2 - Why opensource?

- All the software engineering steps are integrated.
- The basic philosophy – release as you build.
- Users act as testers.
- They lead to improvement in design by asking for new features, pointing out the flaws.
- Parallel competing software development threads can occur. The good ones – survive.

In Indian Academia

- The requirement for learning management system
 - different when used as support system in conventional classroom system.
 - Distance education mode, only through internet.

Important thing

- Learning material – continuously evolving entity.
- Packaged content material may not be sufficient.
- Guided experience through a mentor/ teacher – required for most of the learners.

LMS development – our experience

- Development of Brihaspati2 – mainly based on the experience in IIT Kanpur in the beginning.
- For last few years, feedback from other places have also been incorporated.
- The feedback from faculty, students is considered to improve existing functionalities, addition of new functionalities.
- As the changes are made they are immediately released after stabilization.

Changes after learning from IITK deployment

- Same courses can be taught by different persons in different semesters.
- Faculty may not like to share the content with other for putting in their course areas.
- Concept of course-faculty doublet identifying the course.
- Depending on the who is teaching a course – active or inactive course for the students.

Deployment in other academic institutes

- Pamphlets sent to all the engineering colleges, universities.
- Letter to all the universities VCs send from UGC chairman
- Many handholding workshops done.
- Some universities, institutes have adapted and using it.
- Some got it installed. But they were stuck for lack of content.

LMS framework modification

- Requires communication capabilities to be built among various Brihaspati servers.
- Requires features allowing the synchronisation and transfer of content between agreed upon courses at two Brihaspati installations.
- Agreement can be on two way or one way synchronisation.

Scenario for the utilization of above

- Institute A (an IIT) has lot of courses on Brihaspati-A.
- Institute B (an small engineering college) has installation Brihaspati-B.
 - It does not have teachers for all the courses.
 - They can do agreement with IITK for provisioning of certain course X to their student through Brihaspati-B.

- In Brihaspati-A, instructor for course X configure the permission for Brihaspati-B.
- Brihaspati-B synchronises periodically with Brihaspati-A and provides the material to their students.

Advantage

- The institute with limited resources can use internet infrastructure and the Brihaspati server of better institutes to augment their Brihaspati server.
- Can make available the good material to their students in the course where they lack in good faculty.

New features

- Separation of content author and course instructor
- Support for reusable content modules (SCORM objects)
- Bangla, Gurumukhi, Hindi, Malyalam, Marathi, Tamil, Telugu, Urdu
- French, German, Korean, Chinese, Japanese, Dutch, Italian interfaces.

Future

- Multilingual content authoring tool.
- Cluster based Brihaspati2 services for all educational institutes in India under National Mission on Education through ICT (NMEICT) of MHRD.
- SCORM run time environment.
- Multi-institutional project – IIT Kanpur, IIT Roorkee, Amrita VV, DEI Agara, NIT Hamirpur, Jammu University.

- Shape up into Educational Resource Planning (EdRP) services – to be hosted on servers attached to upcoming NMEICT network.
- Different ERP modules being developed by partners.
- No institute need to install it. (Multi-institutional version is underway at the moment).

- Just get your institutes account and start using it.
- Longterm objective is
 - P2P system
 - No server
 - User machines will share storage and computing power.

Can we have live lecture delivery?

- Project named – Brihaspati_sync
- Scalable design – based on overlay P2P multicast technology.
- Live lecture can be delivered to millions and millions of student.
- Will perform better with the improved internet infrastructure (multicast support) in future.
- Lecture transmission between machines attached with different operators in different cities – have been tested.

What is expected from you?

- Get motivated to start development threads at their ends (if possible).
 - Localization in the language of their region
 - Addition of new features locally required.
 - Documentation for users and developers
- Those who cannot develop
 - Can at least use and test the system.
 - Ask for new features as required by them.

Commercial support

- Using typically mozilla-netscape, helixplayer-realplayer, openoffice-staroffice model
 - Modifications to suit commercial use can be done.
 - The modified software itself cannot be sold.
 - The modified software need to be released under the same license.
 - low cost compared to closed source product
 - Enhanced performance and additional features.

Conclusions

- Indian academia need to solve their problems on their own
- Need to make the solutions catering the local requirement
- Sharing and interaction among academia essential for the growth of the movement.